

Other direct costs, internal invoices and subcontracting

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TOPICS

Direct Costs Intro & General Eligibility (p3-10)

Subcontracting (p11-15)

Other Direct Costs (p16-26)

- Travel
- Equipment
- Internal Invoicing



DIRECT COSTS

Direct costs are costs that are directly linked to the action's implementation and can be attributed to it directly. They must not include any indirect costs

Direct costs are:

- costs that have been caused in full by the action
- or costs that have been caused in full by several actions and the attribution to a single action can, and has been, directly measured (e.g. not allocated via cost drivers)



DIRECT COSTS

Must be justified by sufficient persuasive evidence showing the direct link to the action

Must be properly recorded in order to allow direct measurement of the use for the action and to ensure auditability

The measurement system used by the beneficiary must accurately quantify the cost

Direct measurement of costs does not mean fair apportionment of costs through proxies, cost drivers or allocation keys.



Standard Rules

- 1. Claimed costs match breakdown list of Beneficiary;
- 2. No systematic errors in the calculations;
- 3. Correct conversion to EUR



Costs were actually incurred

- 1. Claimed amounts vs documents (e.g. invoices)
- 2. Documents are addressed to Beneficiary
- 3. Costs are recorded in the accounts (GL)
- 4. Any discount or rebate is accounted for
- 5. No altering transaction in 6 months
- 6. No re-invoicing by the Beneficiary within 6 months
- 7. Costs are paid (or netted off)



Costs claimed fall within the project period

- Dates of Invoices, delivery notes, transport documents
- Cost before the project period relate to kick-off meeting
- 3. Costs after the project period relate to final reporting
- 4. Costs are recorded in the respective accounting period



No Costs are claimed also from another EU/ non EU fund/ Costs do not include <u>deductible</u> VAT

- No sampled item is included in 5 non EU projects (if any)
- No item funded by the State is included in the claims to EU
- 3. costs claimed vis-a-vis National law
- 4. tax declarations



Sound Financial Management

- 1. Best value for money
- 2. No conflict of interest
- Policy Documents (travel, procurement, depreciation...)
- If no Policy Documents check that sound financial principles applied



Direct Costs - Sampling

Is the value of the population below the planning materiality level (5% of total costs declared)?

No

- Select all the items with a value higher or equal to 10% of the costs declared for the costs <u>subcategory</u>
- and add randomly selected items until you reach
 - 1)either 50% coverage of the costs declared in the sub-category OR
- 2) a maximum number of 15 items. A minimum of 5 items must be selected unless the population is less than 5.

Yes

Test the item with the highest value of the the population.

Definition of an item:

Subcontracting: one contract

<u>Travel costs:</u> one person costs for an

event/ conference

<u>Consumables:</u> one line in the breakdown

Equipment: one equipment from the

breakdown





Subcontracting

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Subcontracts vs. Contracts

Article 10	Article 13
Contracts to purchase goods, works or services	Subcontracts
These contracts do not cover the implementation of action tasks, but they are necessary to implement action tasks by beneficiaries.	Subcontracts concern the implementation of action tasks; they imply the implementation of specific tasks which are part of the action and are described in Annex 1.
Do not have to be indicated in Annex 1.	Must be indicated in Annex 1.
The price for these contracts will be declared as 'other direct costs' — column D in Annex 2 — in the financial statement; they will be taken into account for the application of the flat-rate for indirect costs.	The price for the subcontracts will be declared as 'direct costs of subcontracting' — column B in Annex 2 — in the financial statement; they will not be taken into account for the application of the flat-rate for indirect costs.

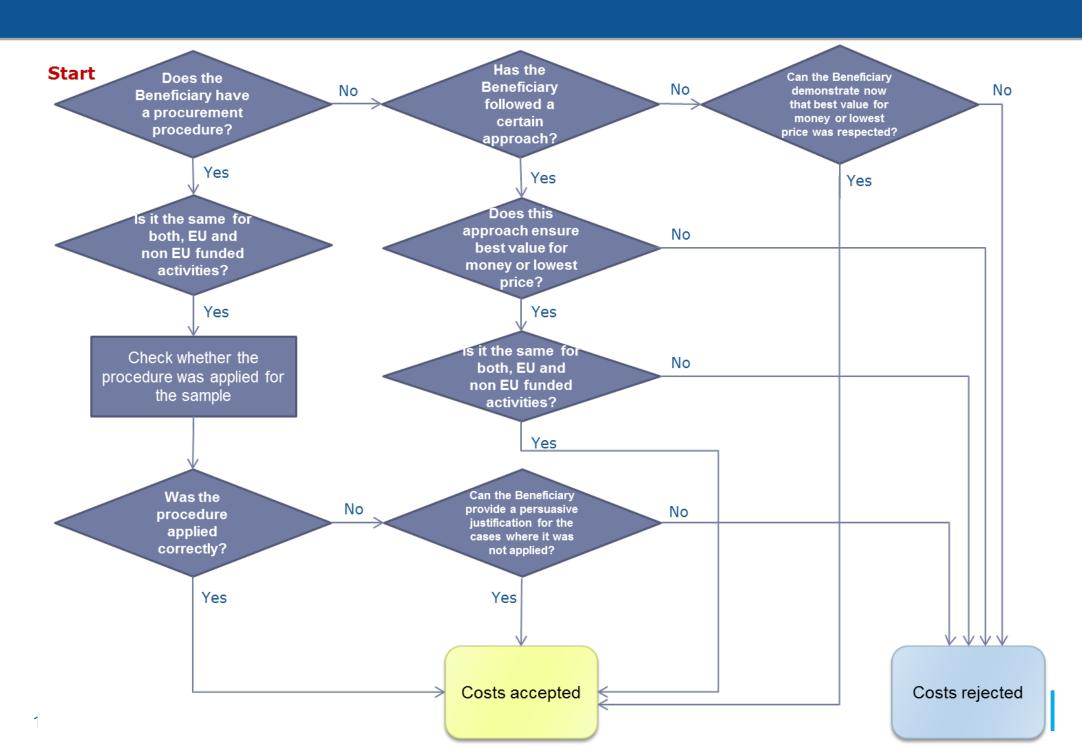


SUBCONTRACTING COSTS - APPROVAL

Subcontracting costs should be either:

- 1) clearly specified in Annex 1 in terms of nature and amount, thus known by the Commission when selecting the action's proposal or
- 2) approved via an amendment to the Grant Agreement after its signature with (again) nature of the costs and amount known by the Commission or
- 3) approved, on an exceptional basis, by the Commission by accepting the justifications provided by the Beneficiary in the technical periodic reports.

Subcontracting costs - Audit Approach



SUBCONTRACTING COSTS - ACCOUNTING



Costs must be actually incurred by the Beneficiary (Art.6.1.a).

Costs must not include deductible VAT (Art.6.1.a.xi).

Costs must be incurred during the project period defined in Art.3 of the GA.

- 1. Documentation exists in proper form;
- 2. Costs are recorded and paid;
- 3. VAT is excluded if <u>deductible</u> for the Beneficiary.





Other Direct Costs

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Beneficiary complies with its usual accounting practices

- 1. Travel costs against Beneficiary's own travel policy
 - **OR** (in the absence of internal policy)
- 2. Travel costs against Beneficiary's usual practice



Travel costs are necessary for the action

- 1. Travel costs versus list of staff of the project
- 2. Dates of travelling against dates charged on timesheets
- 3. Dates of travelling against period of the project
- 4. Dates of expenditures against duration of the event
- 5. Beneficiary's justification on necessity of travel cost
- 6. Travel events versus GA and annexes



Travel costs are real

- 1. Minutes of meetings, attendance lists, etc.
- 2. Dates of traveling against dates charged on timesheets
- 3. Beneficiary's justification on necessity of travel cost
- 4. Project events versus GA and annexes



Travel costs are reasonable

- 1. No entertainment or hospitality costs
- 2. No Tips
- 3. No travel agency fees (unless there is a policy)
- 4. No private costs (e.g. TV, laundry, mini bar, etc.)



OTHER DIRECT COSTS - EQUIPMENT

The asset exists

- 1. Physical existence or demonstration of operation by staff
- 2. Written confirmation of existence by remote sites
- 3. Accounting entries for destroyed/sold assets
- 4. Matching serial numbers on the asset and the invoice
- 5. JU and EU Logo



OTHER DIRECT COSTS - EQUIPMENT

Depreciation Rules Respected

- 1. Usual accounting practices of Beneficiary vs Acc. Standards
- 2. Usual accounting practices of Beneficiary vs National Law
- 3. Depreciation charged is based on Accruals
- 4. Depreciation charged corresponds to the period of action



OTHER DIRECT COSTS - EQUIPMENT

Bad Example

A beneficiary uses a x-ray machine for the action for few hours and for the rest of the time the x-ray machine is used for other activities. The beneficiary charges the full depreciation costs for the period in the cost statement of the action.

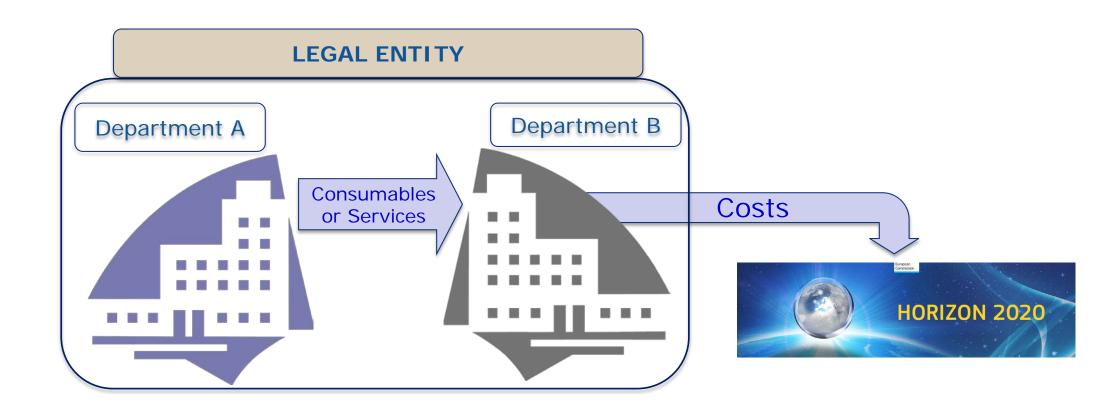
NOT ALLOWED!

The allocation of the part of the annual depreciation to the H2020 action must be calculated based on the number of hours/days/months of actual use of equipment for the actual use should be directly measured (logbook, etc.).



OTHER DIRECT COSTS - INTERNAL INVOICING

Internal invoices refer to costs of goods or services produced by the same beneficiary who use them directly for the H2020 action and calculated in accordance with its usual cost accounting practices





OTHER DIRECT COSTS - INTERNAL INVOICING

Article 6.2.D.5 of the Grant Agreement:

- a) They are declared on the basis of a **unit costs** calculation in accordance with the Beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices;
- b) The cost accounting practices used are applied in a consistent manner, based on objective criteria, regardless of the source of funding;
- c) The unit costs are calculated using the actual costs for the good or service recorded in the Beneficiary's accounts, excluding any ineligible cost or costs included in other budget categories
- The actual costs may be adjusted by the Beneficiary on the basis of budgeted or estimated elements. Those elements must be relevant for calculating the costs, reasonable and correspond to objective and verifiable information;
- d) The unit cost excludes any costs of items which are not directly linked to the production of the invoiced goods or service.



OTHER DIRECT COSTS - INTERNAL INVOICING

Internal invoices must be calculated in accordance with the usual cost accounting practice of the beneficiary, but adjusted if needed to comply with the cost eligibility conditions

OK

- ✓ Direct staff
- ✓ Consumables
- ✓ Depreciation of the item
- ✓ Maintenance and supplies if their costs are directly identifiable





NOT OK

- Indirect staff
- Costs of central services
- Shared costs for which the part used for the item is not directly identifiable
- Ineligible cost (e.g. bank interest)





Thank You

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Back-Up

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SUBCONTRACTING COSTS

Special case : affiliated entities

In case of subcontracting to affiliated entities verification if :

- 1. the affiliate entity is the usual supplier or there is a framework contract AND
- 2. the subcontracting is carried out at market conditions



E. Depreciation costs





Sold or offered assets do not result in undeclared profit

Verify:

- 1. Accounting entries in case of sale of asset
- 2. In-kind contributions in Annex I
- 3. In-kind contributions charged do not include estimates
- 4. In-kind contributions charged do not exceed 3rd party's cost

Consequences:

Adjustments when differences occur



H. Linked Third Parties





General eligibility conditions apply to linked 3rd parties

Verify that:

- 1. Claimed costs match breakdown list
- 2. Linked 3rd parties are mentioned in GA
- 3. No costs after termination of 3rd party's participation

Consequences:

Adjustments when differences occur



F. Conflict of interest



Conflict of Interest is avoided



Verification procedures:

- Review Beneficiary's internal procedures
- Interviews with key personnel
- Representation Letter

Consequences:

Report any finding



G. Contracting authorities



If the Beneficiary is contracting authority, National law on Contracting authorities has to be applied

Verify:

 Beneficiary's practices on procurement vis-à-vis National law

Consequences:

Adjustments for any non-compliance



Auditor's advice: direct measurement

Energy and power supply: can I charge it as direct in H2020?

Yes, if I can measure it...

Administrative staff members doing accounting for the action: can I charge them to the action?

Yes, with timesheets and provided it is your usual practice...

Multi-purpose equipment used for several activities/actions: can I charge its depreciation to an EU action as a % of its capacity based on my experience?

No. I have to measure its use.



Exchange rates provisions

▶ Beneficiary 's accounts in €

For purchases in other currencies \Rightarrow conversion into Euros according to its usual accounting practice

Beneficiary 's accounts in other currency



Average of the daily exchange rates published in the Official Journal of the EU calculated over the reporting period.

Calculation shortcut: you may use the editable charts on the website of the European Central Bank at:

http://www.ecb.europa.eu/stats/exchange/eurofxref/html/index.en.html

